

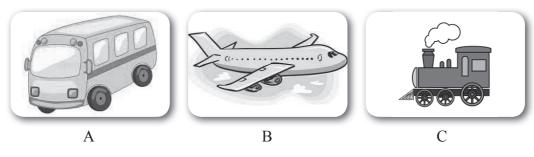
## **Listening and Speaking**



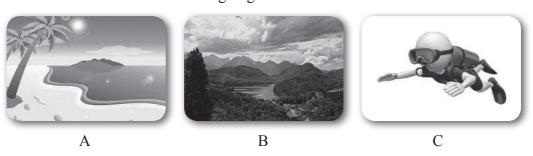
- I. Listen to the dialogues and choose the pictures. 听短对话,选择相关图片。
  - 1. How many countries has the woman visited?

10 20 3 C

2. How does the woman usually travel?

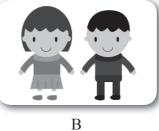


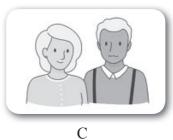
3. Where does the woman like going?



4. Whom does the man usually travel with?







C. No, thanks.

5. When does the woman return from Spain?

last month

A

A. Take care.

last week

last year

В

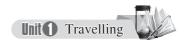
C

II. Listen and choose. 听录音,选择适当的应答。

Ι.		
	A. Here you are. B. Good idea.	
2.		
	A. Twice a year.	
	B. I don't know.	
	C. That's interesting.	
3.		
	A. It's expensive.	
	B. Never mind.	
	C. I prefer travelling with someone else	<u>.</u>
4.		
	A. Certainly.	
	B. Because travel opens my eyes.	
	C Vou are welcome	

B. Take it easy. C

C. Cell phone.



### III. Listen and choose. 听录音,选择正确答案。

1.	Where do they want to	go on vacation?	
	A. Europe.	B. Asia.	C. America.
2.	What languages do the	ey speak?	
	A. English and Germa	ın.	
	B. German, Italian, an	d English.	
	C. English and Italian.		
3.	When exactly are they	planning to leave?	
	A. On January 5.		
	B. On June 15.		
	C. On January 15.		
4.	What season is it now	in Europe?	
	A. Summer.	B. Winter.	C. Spring.
5.	How long will Jack an	nd Ann stay in Europe?	
	A. One week.		
	B. One year.		
	C. One month.		
IV. L	isten and fill. 听录音,	,补全短文。	
	Last April two British	teenagers wanted to	go to Australia for their summer
ho	oliday. But it was a 24	-hour journey by plane	e and tickets were expensive. So
th	ey <u>1.</u> che	ap tickets on the Inter	rnet. They were lucky, and they
<u>2.</u>	two ticke	ets to Sidney.	
	On August 4th they	arrived at Heathrow	airport. They checked in and
W	ailed for the plane to	leave. Six hours later	they arrived at a big airport and
<u>3.</u>	planes.		
	They were a bit worrie	ed because the second	plane was very small. After only
ar	n hour the plane 4.	They looke	d out the window. It was a very
sr	nall airport. They walk	ted to the information	desk and showed their tickets to
th	e woman. She looked a	at their tickets "The ne	ext flight? This is the end of your
<u>5.</u>	Where di	d you plan to go?"	



### V. Role-play. 根据下列信息,两人一组表演对话。

### Student A

- · Where did you go during the vacation?
- · Who did you go with?
- · How did you go there?
- How long did the journey take?
- · Which places did you visit?

### Student B

- I went to...
- I went there with my ...
- · We went there by...
- It took about...
- We visited...

### **Vocabulary**

I. Look and fill. 看图片,将框内的单词填到适当的位置。

architecture ceremony landscape layout









- 1.
- 2.

- 3.
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_

### **Π.** Match the words with their definitions. 词义配对。

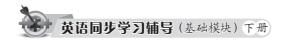
- 1. accommodation
- A. difficult to understand
- 2. complex
- B. to ask for a seat, table, room, etc. to be available
  - for you or somebody else at a future time
- 3. heritage
- C. a place to live, work or stay in
- 4. profound
- D. the traditional beliefs, values, customs etc. of a
  - family, country, or society

- 5. reserve
- E. having a strong influence or effect



# III. Fill in the blanks with the proper form of the words and expressions in the box. 用所给单词和短语的适当形式填空。

accommodation complex heritage profound reserve
These seats are for special guests.
Hotel is included in the price of your holiday.
We live in an increasingly world.
His father's death had a effect on him.
The city takes great pride in its architectural
ranslate the following English sentences into Chinese. 将下列句子翻译成
文文。
The temple of Heaven is an imperial and religious building located in the southeastern part of Beijing.
It was visited by the emperors of the Ming and Qing dynasties for annual ceremonies of prayer to Heaven for a good harvest.
Occupying an area of 273 hectares, it is three times the area of the Forbidden City.
The principal buildings include the Altar of Prayer for Good Harvests, Imperial Vault of Heaven and Circular Mound Altar.
The Temple of Heaven was inscribed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1998 and was described as "a masterpiece of architecture and landscape design".



## Grammar

I. Complete the sentence	s with infinitives	or gerunds. 用不定式或动名词填空。
1. Dan enjoys	(read) science	e fiction.
2. Cherry suggested	(see) a	movie after work.
3. Luckily I managed _	(find)	my way to the hotel.
4. Where did you lear	rn (s	peak) Spanish? Was it in Spain or in
Latin America?		
5. Do you mind	(help) me ti	ranslate this letter?
6. He asked	(talk) to the stor	re manager.
7. I considered	(apply) for t	the job but in the end I decided against
it.		
8. If he keeps	(come) to wor	k late, he's going to get fired!
9. Debbie plans	(study) abro	oad next year.
10. David failed	(pay) his el	ectricity bill.
П. Choose the correct an	swer. 选择正确答	案。
1. I miss i	n London.	
A. live	B. living	C. to live
2. I enjoyed	them again.	
A. see	B. seeing	C. to see
3. He avoided	them do it be	cause he wanted to get home early.
A. help	B. helping	C. to help
4. I promised	it by Friday.	
A. do	B. doing	C. to do
5. She's expected	the job.	
A. get	B. getting	C. to get



		Unit Travelling
	_	
6. Would you like	?	
A. come	B. coming	C. to come
7. They don't tolerate a	ny abou	t their decisions.
A. argue	B. arguing	C. to argue
8. She taught me	it.	
A. do	B. doing	C. to do
9. I don't feel like	it.	
A. do	B. doing	C. to do
10. Do you mind	it with you?	
A. take	B. taking	C. to take
	Reading	
I. Cloze. 完形填空。		
	Holidays	
Most people enjoy g	going <u>1.</u>	for their holidays, and having the
opportunity to 2.	in an interesti	ing city or a seaside <u>3.</u>

II you speak	4. 1a	nguages, you can m	ake new iriends, and
5.	home some int	teresting <u>6.</u>	as presents. Bu
before you can	n do that, you ha	ve to <u>7.</u>	your destination, and
that is often a	problem! If you	fly, then you may fir	nd that your flight has
been 8.	. 9.	by train can also	be difficult, since trains
are often 10.	in the	summer, and you m	ight have to reserve a
11.	_ in advance. Wh	nichever way you 12.	, you car
have problems	s with your 13.	, and it is	often difficult to find
good <u>14.</u>	Apart fro	m this, you might no	t be able to afford the
15.	_!		
1. A. out	B. forward	C. abroad	D. foreign
2. A. remain	B. pass	C. spend	D stay

## 英语同步学习辅导(基础模块)下册

3. A. resort	B. post	C. spot	D. place
4. A. strange	B. stranger	C. foreigner	D. foreign
5. A. fetch	B. take	C. go	D. get
6. A. memories	B. souvenirs	C. memoirs	D. recollections
7. A. reach	B. arrive	C. go	D. travel
8. A. waited	B. reversed	C. delayed	D. booked
9. A. Journeys	B. Travels	C. Voyages	D. Passes
10. A. filling	B. occupied	C. overdone	D. crowded
11. A. post	B. chair	C. seat	D. position
12. A. voyage	B. travel	C. trip	D. tour
13. A. baggages	B. luggage	C. goods	D. sacks
14. A. staying		B. homes	
C. lodges		D. accommodation	
15. A. fare	B. fair	C. far	D. fur

### II. Read and decide true (T) or false (F). 读下文, 判断正误。

### First Time Travelling on a Train!

I am excited that you and Brenda are coming to Middlesbrough to visit us. I know that this is the first time you will be using a train, so I will tell you exactly what to do. I have just checked the train timetable for next Monday, and I have found a train from London to Newcastle which will take about three and a half hours. The express train leaves King's Cross platform 4 at 10:30 in the morning and arrives at Newcastle at around 1:30. You then have to take another train from Newcastle to Middlesbrough. You have to stand at platform 2 and take the 2:00 o'clock train, which will take an hour and twenty minutes. It is always a good idea to buy your tickets online because it is a bit cheaper, the fare on that day for a return ticket is £110. Don't forget to leave your house in good enough time to get to the railway station or else you will miss your train. Once you are on the train, leave your big suitcase in the luggage hold and have your e-tickets ready for the ticket inspector to see. If you

feel hungry on the way, your train has a buffet car where you can have something nice to eat. Enjoy the beautiful countryside scenery on the way, and you will be going through several long dark tunnels which are very exciting. I wish you a beautiful journey, and I will be waiting for you at Middlesbrough railway station just before three o'clock. We will go straight to Nando's for late lunch with Sarah, Jo and Lilly.

□ 1. 7	They will be travelling at the weekend.
□ 2. 7	They have to take two trains to get to Middlesbrough.
□ 3.7	There isn't any food on the train.
☐ 4. 7	The train will be going through tunnels.
□ 5 7	They are arriving in Middlesbrough after three o'clock

### III. Read and choose. 读下文,选择正确答案。

### **Travelling**

Travel is something which people do almost every day. It is very difficult to avoid the need to travel. It may be a trip to school, university or to work. Travelling can often take a long time, especially when great distances need to be covered. People often enjoy travelling abroad for holidays. But for some people travelling is not fun at all. Some people suffer from travel sickness. This means that they will become very unwell each time they travel.

Travelling can be either affordable or costly. It often depends on how far you want to travel and the choice of transport. Using a bicycle will not cost anything as you power it by using your legs. However, the use of a bicycle can be hard work and can take a lot of time to travel long distances. Cars and motorcycles are faster modes of transport, but are more expensive to use as gasoline is needed for them to work. It can usually be assumed that the longer you wish to travel, the more expensive and time-consuming it will be.

The use of a plane is necessary for people wanting to travel very long distances. A pilot will fly a plane from an airport for many thousands of miles to take people to places far away. Although traffic is rarely a problem for airplanes, it can take a lot of preparation to travel by plane. People often need to arrive at the airport three hours prior to departure.

A train is another mode of transport which is ideal for travelling long distances within the same country, or between countries which are connected by land. A train driver will stop at train stations on route to allow passengers wishing to proceed to the scheduled destination to board the train.

A number of destinations can be travelled to by using the sea. People often depart from a harbour in a ferry which is driven by a captain. If the journey is a long distance, people may choose to sleep on the ferry while they wait to arrive at their destination. Some people choose to go on a cruise for their holiday, which would involve stopping at many different city ports for a short amount of time. People who need to travel short distances may choose not to use any transport at all. People often rely on their legs to take them to places nearby. This is often encouraged as certain modes of transport have been said to produce harmful emissions and damage the environment.

- 1. Which mode of transport does not cost money?
  - A. Train.

B Car

C. Walking.

- D. Bus.
- 2. Why do some people not enjoy travelling?
  - A. They find it a waste of time.
  - B. It is not comfortable.
  - C. It is expensive.
  - D. They become unwell.



3. Name the	mode of tr	ransport w	hich is c	controlled	by a p	ilot and	stops	at an
airport.								

A. Train.

B. Airplane.

C. Car.

D. Bus.

4. Name the mode of transport which is controlled by a captain and stops at a port.

A. Train.

B. Car.

C. Ship.

D. Airplane.

5. Which mode of transport is ideal for travelling between countries connected by land?

A. Bicycle.

B. Train.

C. Airplane.

D. Car.

### Writing

I. Read and write the correct information in the following table. 读下文,用正确信息填写表格。

### Mary

Mary will be going to Rome. She will be going to Rome by plane. She is planning to stay in a modern hotel in Rome city. She plans to take a taxi to walk around Rome. She is planning to visit the Colosseum and Trevi Fountain.

#### Jack

Jack will be going to Cornwall. He will be going to Cornwall by car. He will be staying in the campsite. He plans to walk around Cornwall. He plans to go to the beach and swim with his friends.

Information	Mary	Jack
Where will he/she be visiting?		
How will he/she be travelling?		
Where will he/she be staying?		



Π. Draw a picture of a trip and write a journal. 画一幅旅行图片并写一篇旅行日志。

	My Tr	ip		draw
		My Trip		
car	road	city	bus	walk



## **Hot Words and Expressions**

- 1. smart tourism 智慧旅游
- 2. contactless tourism and consumption 无接触旅游消费
- 3. modern system for the tourism sector 现代旅游业体系